



Globulin (Plant)Microplate Assay Kit

User Manual

Catalog # CAK1198

(Version 1.3A)

Detection and Quantification of Globulin (Plant)Content in Tissue
extracts, PowderSamples.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Globulin (Plant) Microplate Assay Kit is a sensitive assay for determining globulin content in plant samples. The color intensity, measured at 595 nm, is proportionate to globulin content in the sample.

II. KIT COMPONENTS

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer I	30 ml x 2	4 °C
Assay Buffer II	30 ml x 2	4 °C
Dye Reagent	20 ml x 1	4 °C
Standard	Powder x 1	-20 °C
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Note:

Standard: add 1 ml distilled water to dissolve before use, the concentration will be 2mg/ml.

III. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 595 nm
2. Distilled water
3. Pipettor, multi-channel pipettor
4. Pipette tips
5. Mortar
6. Ice
7. Centrifuge
8. Timer
9. Lab rotator

IV. SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. For tissue samples

Weigh out 0.05 g tissue, homogenize with 0.5 ml Assay Buffer I on ice, transfer it to a centrifuge tube and mix on a lab rotator for 30 minutes; centrifuge at 10000g 4°C for 10 minutes, discard the supernatant; then add 0.5 ml Assay Buffer II into the tube, mix on a lab rotator for 30 minutes, centrifuge at 10000g 4°C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

2. For powder samples

Weigh out 0.05 g powder, add 0.5 ml Assay Buffer I to dissolve, mix on a lab rotator for 30 minutes; centrifuge at 10000g 4°C for 10 minutes, discard the supernatant; then add 0.5 ml Assay Buffer II into the tube, mix on a lab rotator for 30 minutes, centrifuge at 10000g 4°C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

V. ASSAY PROCEDURE

Add following reagents into the microplate:

Reagent	Sample	Standard	Blank
Sample	10 μ l	--	--
Standard	--	10 μ l	--
Distilled water	--	--	10 μ l
Dye Reagent	200 μ l	200 μ l	200 μ l
Mix, wait for 2 minutes, measured at 595 nm and record the absorbance.			

Note:

- 1) Perform 2-fold serial dilutions of the top standards to make the standard curve.
- 2) The concentrations can vary over a wide range depending on the different samples. For unknown samples, we recommend doing a pilot experiment & testing several doses to ensure the readings are within the standard curve range.
- 3) Reagents must be added step by step, can not be mixed and added together.

VI. CALCULATION

1. According to the weight of sample

$$\text{Globulin(mg/g)} = \frac{C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}}}{(V_{\text{Sample}} \times W / V_{\text{Assay}})} \times \frac{(OD_{\text{Sample}} - OD_{\text{Blank}})}{(OD_{\text{Standard}} - OD_{\text{Blank}})}$$
$$= 4 \times (OD_{\text{Sample}} - OD_{\text{Blank}}) / (OD_{\text{Standard}} - OD_{\text{Blank}}) / W$$

C_{Standard} : the standard concentration, 2 mg/ml;

V_{Standard} : the volume of standard, 10 μl = 0.01 ml;

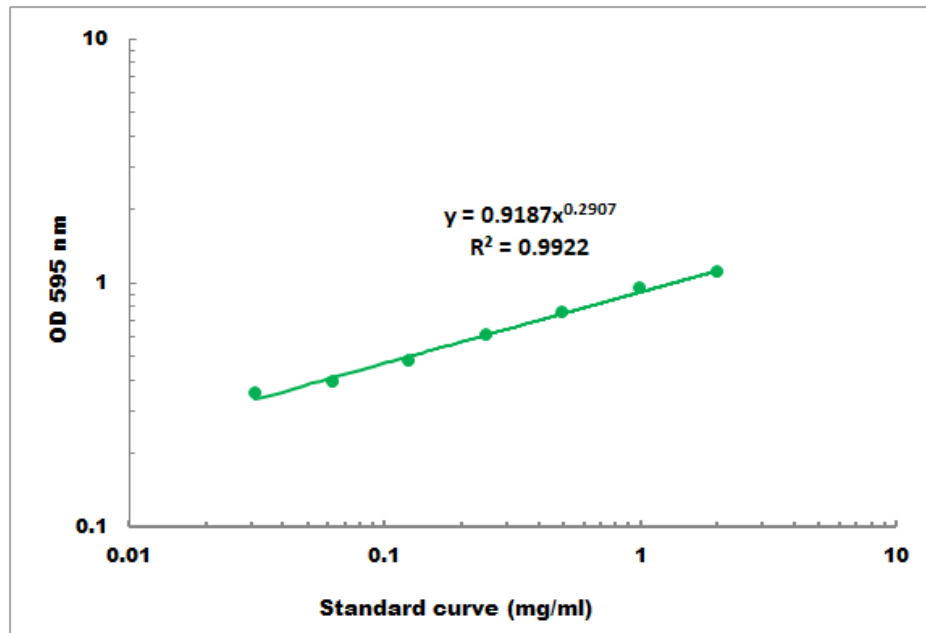
V_{Sample} : the volume of sample, 10 μl = 0.01 ml;

W : the weight of sample, g;

V_{Assay} : the volume of Assay Buffer II, 0.5 ml.

VII. TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 0.02mg/ml - 2mg/ml

VIII. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For troubleshooting, information or assistance, please go online to www.cohesionbio.com or contact us at techsupport@cohesionbio.com

IX. NOTES