

# Albumin (Plant) Microplate Assay Kit User Manual

Catalog # CAK1197

(Version 1.2A)

Detection and Quantification of Albumin (Plant)Content in Tissue extracts, PowderSamples.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



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# I. INTRODUCTION

Albumin (Plant) Microplate Assay Kit is a sensitive assay for determining albumin content in plant samples. The color intensity, measured at 595 nm, is proportionate to albumin content in the sample.



# **II.KIT COMPONENTS**

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer	30 ml x 2	4 °C
Dye Reagent	20 mlx 1	4 °C
Standard	Powder x 1	-20 °C
Technical Manual	1 Manual	

#### Note:

**Standard**: add 1 ml distilled water to dissolve before use, the concentration will be 2mg/ml.

# III. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 595 nm
- 2. Distilled water
- 3. Pipettor, multi-channel pipettor
- 4. Pipette tips
- 5. Mortar
- 6. Ice
- 7. Centrifuge
- 8. Timer
- 9. Lab rotator



#### IV. SAMPLE PREPARATION

# 1.For tissue samples

Weighout 0.05 g tissue, homogenize with 0.5mlAssay Buffer on ice, transfer it to centrifuge tube and mix on a lab rotatorfor 30 minutes; centrifuged at 10000g 4°C for 10minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

# 2.For powder samples

Weigh out 0.05 g powder, add 0.5mlAssay Buffer to dissolve, mix on a lab rotatorfor 30 minutes; centrifuged at 10000g 4°C for 10minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.



#### V. ASSAY PROCEDURE

Add following reagents into the microplate:

Reagent	Sample	Standard	Blank
Sample	10 μΙ		
Standard		10 μΙ	
Distilled water			10 μΙ
Dye Reagent	200μΙ	200μΙ	200μΙ

# Mix, wait for 2 minutes, measured at 595 nm and recordthe absorbance.

#### Note:

- 1) Perform 2-fold serial dilutions of the top standards to make the standard curve.
- 2) The concentrations can vary over a wide range depending on the different samples. For unknown samples, we recommend doing a pilot experiment & testing several doses to ensure the readings are within the standard curve range.
- 3) Reagents must be added step by step, can not be mixed and added together.



# VI. CALCULATION

# 1. According to the weight of sample

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Albumin(mg/g) =} & (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}}) \times (OD_{\text{Sample}} - OD_{\text{Blank}}) / (OD_{\text{Standard}} - OD_{\text{Blank}}) / \\ & (V_{\text{Sample}} \times W / V_{\text{Assay}}) \end{aligned}$$

= 
$$4\times(OD_{Sample} - OD_{Blank})/(OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank})/W$$

C<sub>Standard</sub>: the standard concentration, 2 mg/ml;

 $V_{Standard}$ : the volume of standard,10  $\mu$ l = 0.01 ml;

 $V_{Sample}$ : the volume of sample,10  $\mu$ l = 0.01 ml;

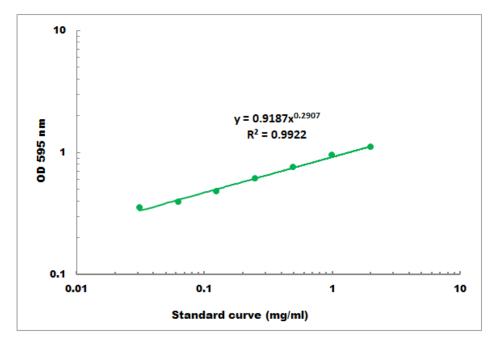
W: the weight of sample, g;

 $V_{Assay}$ : the volume of Assay Buffer, 0.5 ml.



# VII. TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 0.02mg/ml - 2mg/ml

# VIII. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For troubleshooting, information or assistance, please go online towww.cohesionbio.com or contact us at techsupport@cohesionbio.com

### IX. NOTES